PATENT 10/039,956 Docket 091/009c

# **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

## 1. CANCELLED

#### 2 to 15. CANCELLED

- 16. (Currently amended) A method of screening a substance, comprising:
  - a) obtaining a composition comprising undifferentiated hES cells proliferating on an extracellular matrix instead of feeder cells, in a medium conditioned by fibroblast feeder cells;
    - b) differentiating said hES cells:
    - a) c) contacting a population the population of differentiated cells with the substance;
  - b) d) determining any phenotypic or metabolic change in the cell that results from contact with the substance, and
  - e) e) correlating the change with cellular toxicity or modulation + wherein the differentiated cells-are-obtainable by growing human embryonic stem (hES) cells on an-extracellular matrix instead of feeder cells, but in a medium conditioned by fibroblast-feeder cells, and then causing or permitting the hES cells to differentiate.

## 17 to 36. CANCELLED

- 37. (Currently amended) A method of screening a substance, comprising:
  - a) obtaining a culture of a composition comprising undifferentiated pPS cells proliferating on an extracellular matrix instead of feeder cells, but in a medium conditioned by fibroblast feeder cells;
    - b) optionally causing or permitting the pPS cells to differentiate; then
    - c) combining the cells with the substance; and
    - d) determining any effect of the substance on the cells.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the extracellular matrix upon which the undifferentiated pPS cells are cultured is Matrige® basement membrane matrix, laminin, or collagen.
- 39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the cells are undifferentiated when contacted with the substance.
- 40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the cells have been caused or permitted to differentiate before being contacted with the substance.

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- 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 40, wherein the cells have been caused to differentiate by a process comprising replating them onto a surface that promotes differentiation.
- 42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 40, wherein the cells have been caused to differentiate by adding component(s) to the medium that promote differentiation towards a particular cell lineage.
- 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 40, comprising causing the cells to differentiate into cells having characteristics of neuronal cells, glial cells, or neural precursors.
- 44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 40, comprising causing the cells to differentiate into cells having characteristics of hepatocytes.
- 45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the pPS cells are human embryonic stem (hES) cells.
- 46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining the effect of the substance on growth of the cells.
- 47. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining whether the substance affects differentiation of the cells.
- 48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining whether the substance affects expression of a marker or receptor by the cells.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining whether the substance affects release of a marker or enzyme from the cells.
- 50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining whether the substance affects DNA synthesis or repair in the cells.
- 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising analyzing the cells by metaphase spread.
- 52. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, comprising determining whether the substance is toxic to the cells.

- 53. (Currently amended) A method of screening a substance for its effect on undifferentiated human embryonic stem (hES) cells, comprising:
  - a) obtaining a culture of a composition comprising undifferentiated pPS cells proliferating on an extracellular matrix instead of feeder cells, but in a medium conditioned by fibroblast feeder cells;
    - b) combining the undifferentiated hES cells with the substance; and
    - c) determining any effect of the substance on the cells.
- 54. (Previously presented) The method of claim 53, comprising determining the effect of the substance on growth of the cells.
- 55. (Previously presented) The method of claim 53, comprising determining whether the substance affects differentiation of the cells.
- 58. (Previously presented) The method of claim 53, comprising determining whether the substance affects expression of a marker or receptor by the cells.
- 57. (Previously presented) The method of claim 53, comprising determining whether the substance is toxic to the cells.
- 58. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, comprising causing the cells to differentiate into cells having characteristics of neuronal cells, glial cells, or neural precursors.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, comprising causing the cells to differentiate into cells having characteristics of hepatocytes.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, comprising determining the effect of the substance on growth of the cells.
- 61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, comprising determining whether the compound affects expression of a marker or receptor by the cells.
- 62. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, comprising determining whether the compound is toxic to the cells.

63 to 69. CANCELLED

Claim 55

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# Upon allowance of the application, please renumber the claims as follows:

Claim	16	$\rightarrow$	22
	<b>3</b> 7	$\rightarrow$	1
	38	<b>→</b>	2
	39	<b>→</b>	3
	40	$\rightarrow$	4
	41	$\rightarrow$	5
	42	$\rightarrow$	6
	43	$\rightarrow$	7
	44	$\rightarrow$	8
	45	<b>→</b>	9
	46	<b>→</b>	10
	47	$\rightarrow$	11
	48	<b>→</b>	12
	49	$\rightarrow$	13
	50	$\rightarrow$	14
	51	$\rightarrow$	15
	52	$\rightarrow$	16
	53	$\rightarrow$	17
	54	_	18